

Thameside Primary School: Maths Calculation Guidelines

Approved by Governors: September 2022

Review date: September 2025



<u>Aim:</u>

To ensure consistency in approach with regards to the teaching and learning of each operation and to provide parents/carers with clarity as to how the National Curriculum is implemented at Thameside.

Rationale:

The key to successful implementation of school calculation guidelines is consistent use of representations (model and images that support conceptual understanding of the mathematics) and these guidelines promote key representations across the primary years. Mathematical understanding is developed through use of representations that are first of all concrete (e.g. Numicon, Dienes apparatus), and then pictorial (e.g. Array, place value counters) to then facilitate abstract working (e.g. Columnar addition, long multiplication). This document guides teachers through an appropriate progression of representations, and if at any point a pupil is struggling they should revert to familiar pictorial and/or concrete materials/ representations as appropriate. Whilst a mathematically fluent child will be able to choose the most appropriate representation and procedure to carry out a calculation, whether written or mental, Thameside supports pupils with carefully selected representations that underpin calculation methods (as detailed in these guidelines), to ensure there is consistency across year groups.

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Appendix

At Thameside, we use the White Rose Math Hub resources as the spine when we plan our bespoke teaching for maths mastery lessons. Therefore, our Calculations Guidelines should be read in conjunction with their policies:

Appendix A: Addition & Subtraction White Rose Hub Calculation Policy **Appendix B:** Multiplication & Division White Rose Hub Calculation Policy

Policy reviewed by:	Heather Maddock & Sophie Greenaway
Key Changes:	Reference made to detailed White Rose Hub calculation policies which have
	been included as appendices to support teaching for maths mastery.



Progression framework

	EYFS/Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Combining two parts to make a whole: part whole model.	Adding three single digits.	Column method- regrouping.	Column method- regrouping.	Column method- regrouping.	Column method- regrouping.
Addition	Starting at the bigger number and counting on- using cubes. Regrouping to make 10 using ten frame.	Use of base 10 to combine two numbers.	Using place value counters (up to 3 digits).	(up to 4 digits)	Use of place value counters for adding decimals.	Abstract methods. Place value counters to be used for adding decimal numbers.
	Taking away ones Counting back	Counting back Find the difference	Column method with regrouping.	Column method with regrouping.	Column method with regrouping.	Column method with regrouping.
Subtraction	Find the difference Part whole model Make 10 using the ten frame	Part whole model Make 10 Use of base 10	(up to 3 digits using place value counters)	(up to 4 digits)	Abstract for whole numbers. Start with place value counters for decimals- with the same amount of	Abstract methods. Place value counters for decimals- with different amounts of decimal places.
					decimal places.	

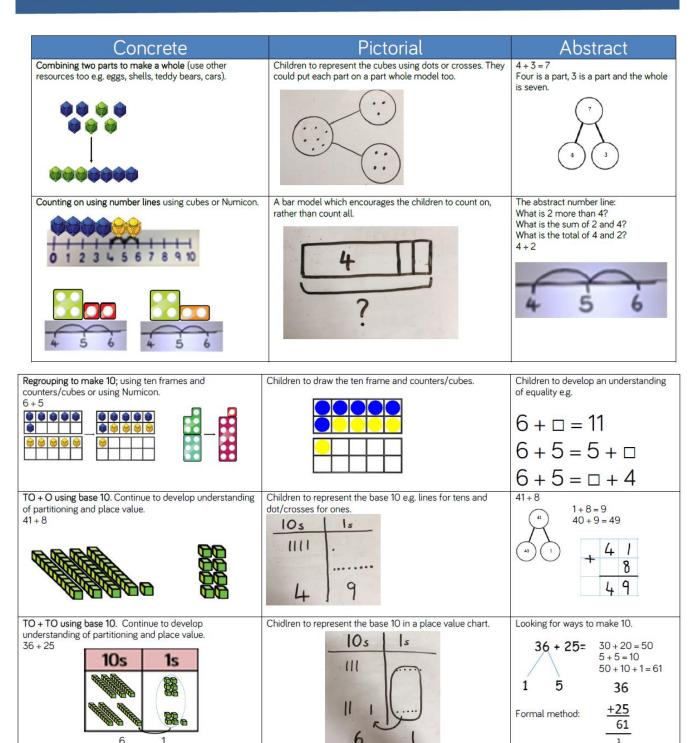
Multiplication	Recognising and making equal groups. Doubling Counting in multiples Use cubes, Numicon and other objects in the classroom	Arrays- showing commutative multiplication	Arrays 2d × 1d using base 10	Column multiplication- introduced with place value counters. (2 and 3 digit multiplied by 1 digit)	Column multiplication Abstract only but might need a repeat of year 4 first(up to 4 digit numbers multiplied by 1 or 2 digits)	Column multiplication Abstract methods (multi-digit up to 4 digits by a 2 digit number)
Division	Sharing objects into groups Division as grouping e.g. I have 12 sweets and put them in groups of 3, how many groups? Use cubes and draw round 3 cubes at a time.	Division as grouping Division within arrays- linking to multiplication Repeated subtraction	Division with a remainder-using lollipop sticks, times tables facts and repeated subtraction. 2d divided by 1d using base 10 or place value counters	Division with a remainder Short division (up to 3 digits by 1 digit- concrete and pictorial)	Short division (up to 4 digits by a 1 digit number including remainders)	Short division Long division with place value counters (up to 4 digits by a 2 digit number) Children should exchange into the tenths and hundredths column too



Calculation guidelines

Calculation policy: Addition

Key language: sum, total, parts and wholes, plus, add, altogether, more, 'is equal to' 'is the same as'.

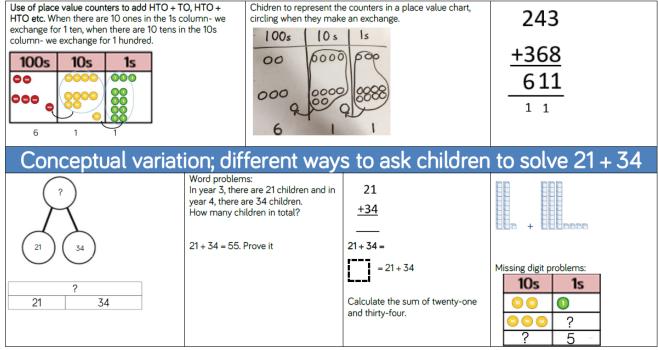


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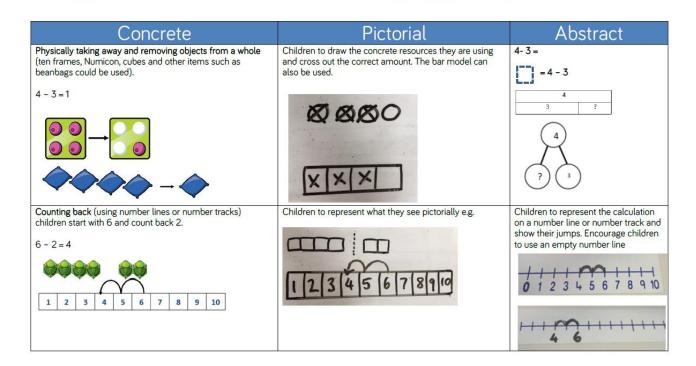


Please read **Appendix A** (Addition & Subtraction White Rose Hub Calculation Policy) for a more in depth overview of these different models and images. Addition is also broken down into skills and each skill has a dedicated page to effectively teach that concept.



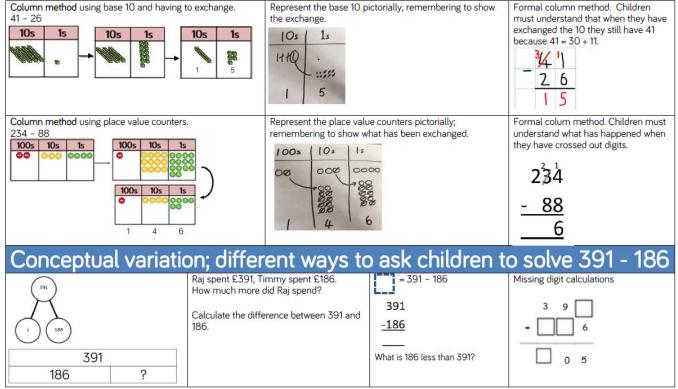
Calculation policy: Subtraction

Key language: take away, less than, the difference, subtract, minus, fewer, decrease.



Finding the difference (using cubes, Numicon or Cuisenaire rods, other objects can also be used). Calculate the difference between 8 and 5.	Children to draw the cubes/other concrete objects which they have used or use the bar model to illustrate what they need to calculate.	Find the difference between 8 and 5. 8 – 5, the difference is
		Children to explore why 9 - 6 = 8 - 5 = 7 - 4 have the same difference.
Making 10 using ten frames. 14 - 5 -4 - 1 -4 - 1 -4 - 1 -4 - 1 -4 - 1	Children to present the ten frame pictorially and discuss what they did to make 10.	Children to show how they can make 10 by partitioning the subtrahend. 14 - 5 = 9 4 1 14 - 4 = 10 10 - 1 = 9
Column method using base 10. 48-7 10s 1s 10s 1s 4 1	Children to represent the base 10 pictorially.	Column method or children could count back 7. 4 8 - 7 4 1



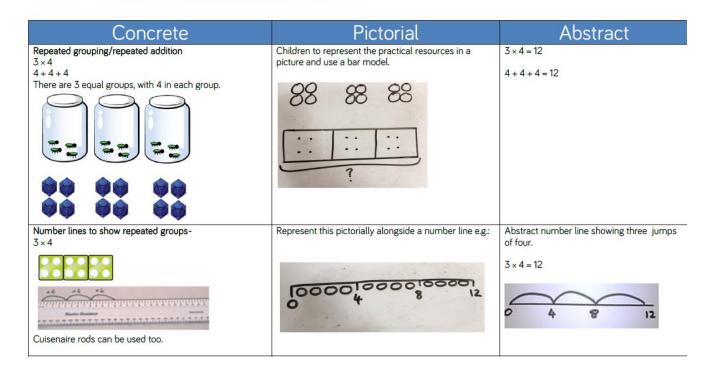


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Calculation policy: Multiplication

Key language: double, times, multiplied by, the product of, groups of, lots of, equal groups.



Use arrays to illustrate commutativity counters and other objects can also be used. $2 \times 5 = 5 \times 2$ 2 lots of 5 5 5 lots of 2	Children to represent the arrays pictorially.	Children to be able to use an array to write a range of calculations e.g. $10 = 2 \times 5$ $5 \times 2 = 10$ 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 10 10 = 5 + 5
Partition to multiply using Numicon, base 10 or Cuisenaire rods. 4 × 15	Children to represent the concrete manipulatives pictorially.	Children to be encouraged to show the steps they have taken. 4×15 10 5 $10 \times 4 = 40$ $5 \times 4 = 20$ 40 + 20 = 60 A number line can also be used
Formal column method with place value counters (base 10 can also be used.) 3×23	Children to represent the counters pictorially. $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Children to record what it is they are doing to show understanding. 3×23 $3 \times 20 = 60$ $\land 3 \times 3 = 9$ 20 3 $60 + 9 = 6923\times 369$



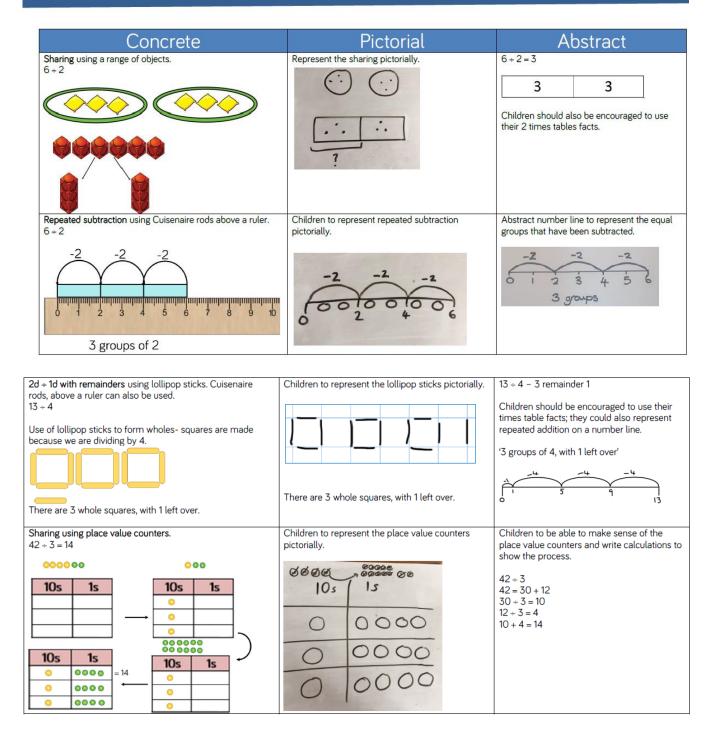
Formal column method with place value counters. 6 × 23 100s 10s 1s 100s 10s 1s 100s 10s 1s 100s 10s 1s 100s 10s 3 100s 10s 4 100s 4 100s 10s 4 100s 4 100s 10s 4 100s 4 100s 10s 4 100s 4 1	Children to represent the counters/base 10, pictorial e.g. the image below.	lly Formal written method $6 \times 23 =$ 23 $\times 6$ 138 1 1 1 2 4
To get 744 children have solved 6 × 124. To get 2480 they have solved 20 × 124.		× 2 6 -7 4 4 2 4 8 0 3 2 2 4 1 1 1 1
23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23	any lengths did she swim in 6 × 23 =	

Please read **Appendix B** (Multiplication & Division White Rose Hub Calculation Policy) for a more in depth overview of these different models and images. Multiplication is also broken down into skills and each skill has a dedicated page to effectively teach that concept.

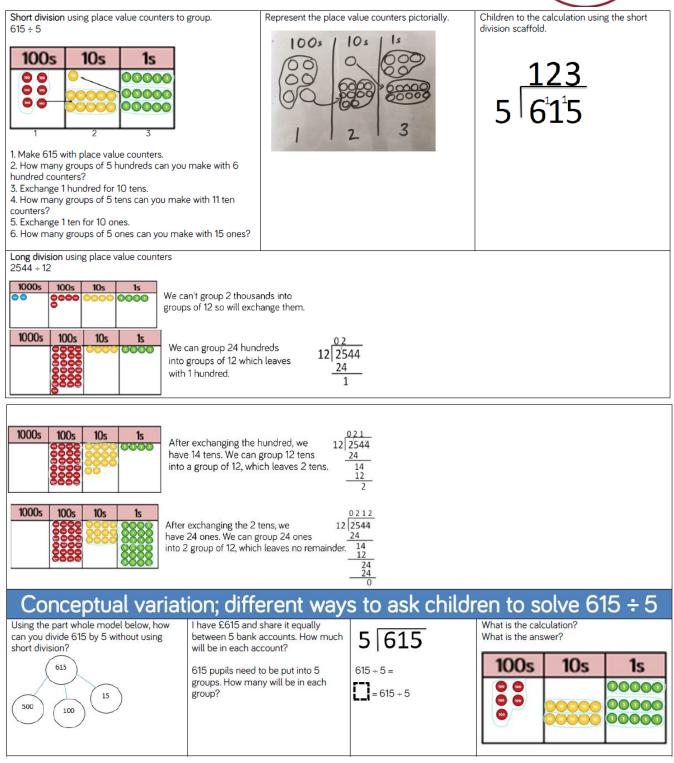


Calculation policy: Division

Key language: share, group, divide, divided by, half.







Please read **Appendix B** (Multiplication & Division White Rose Hub Calculation Policy) for a more in depth overview of these different models and images. Division is also broken down into skills and each skill has a dedicated page to effectively teach that concept.

H Maddock, September 2022